



Nine Economic Regions of Kentucky

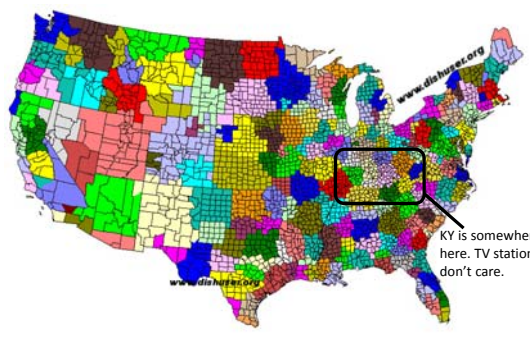
provocative facts, policy challenges for future



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Television Market Boundaries




www.dishnet.com

www.dishnet.com

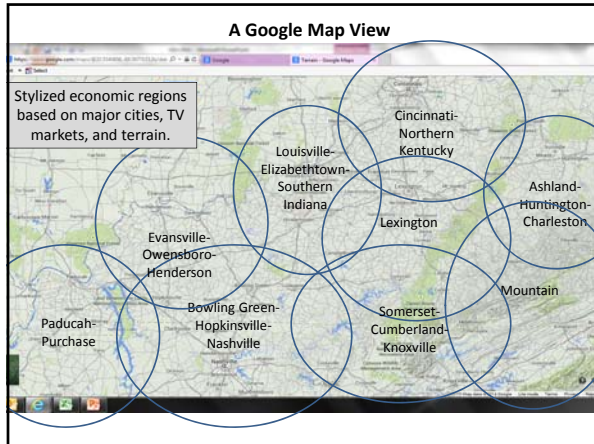
10 Television Market Boundaries around Kentucky

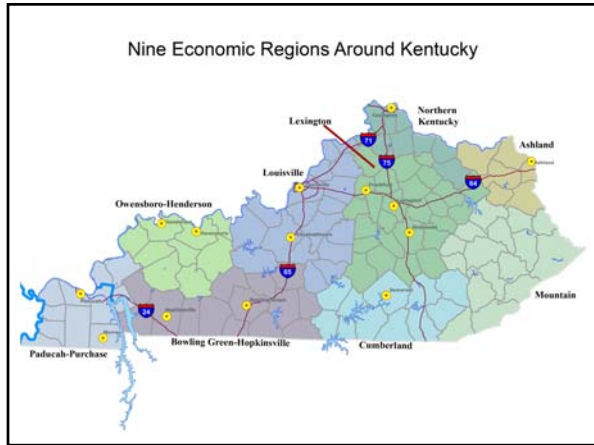
all except Lexington and Bowling Green stations are multi-state



Bowling Green: CBS broadcast is from WTVF in Nashville TN

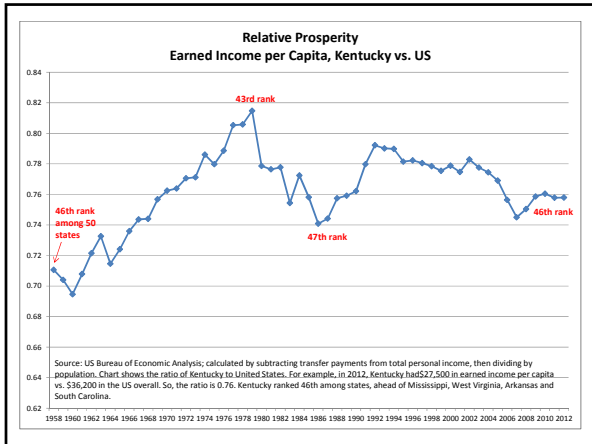
Somerset: cable provides WBIR-NBC from Knoxville TN





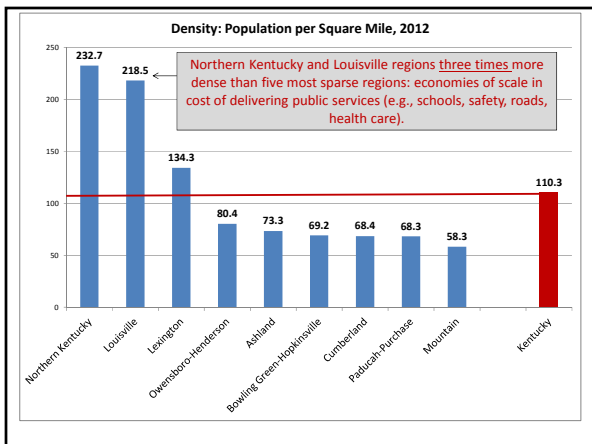
What was Kentucky's 1958 rank among states in terms of earned per capita income?

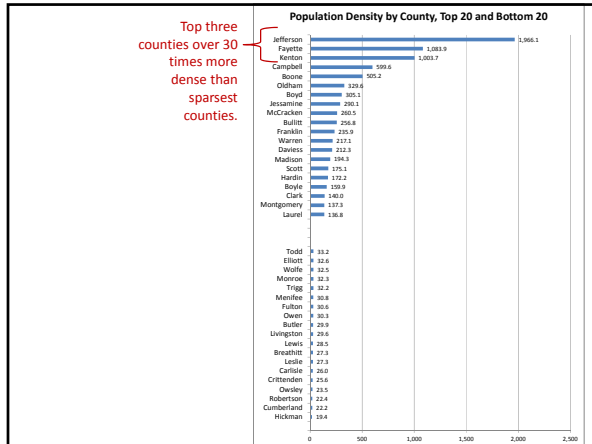
- 32nd
- 38th
- 46th
- 50th



Which of the nine regions is the most densely populated?

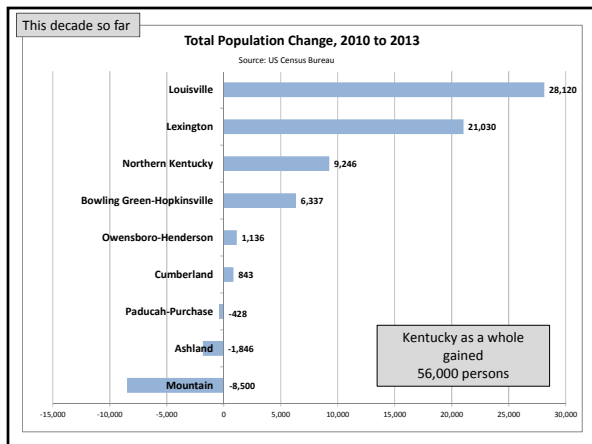
- Louisville
- Northern Kentucky
- Mountain
- Lexington

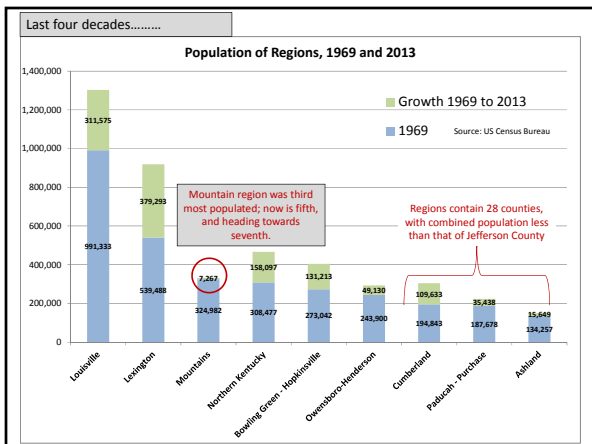
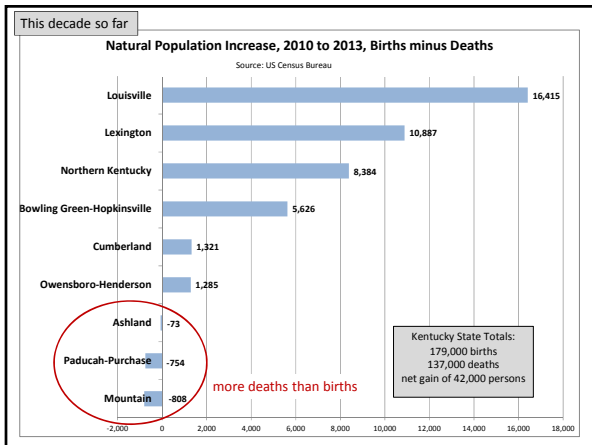
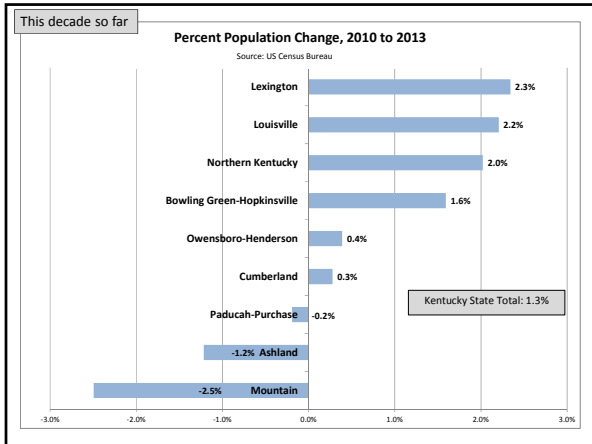


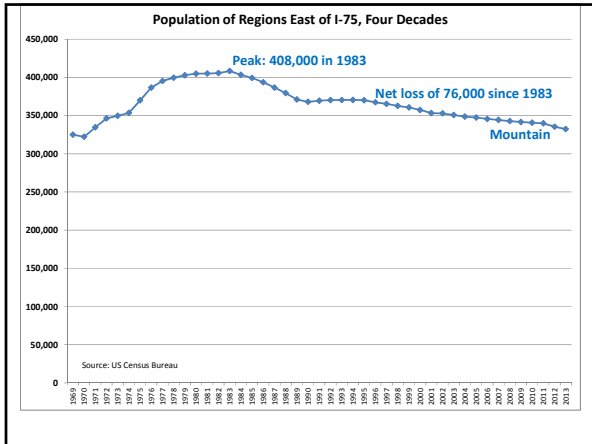


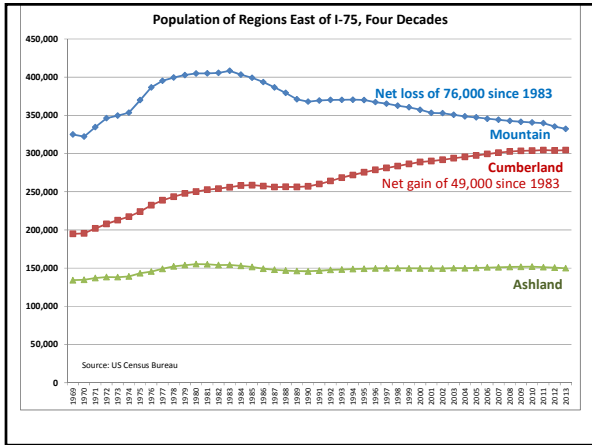
Which of the nine regions has the least population growth this decade?

- Mountain
- Cumberland
- Paducah - Purchase
- Louisville









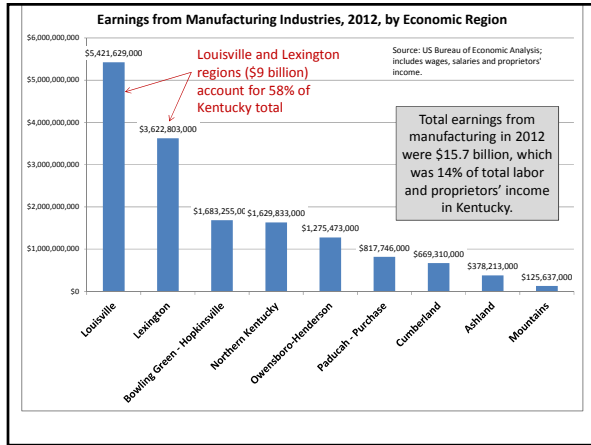
Which region has the highest income from agriculture?

Owensboro-Henderson
 Bowling Green - Hopkinsville
 Cumberland
 Lexington

Which region has the highest income from manufacturing?



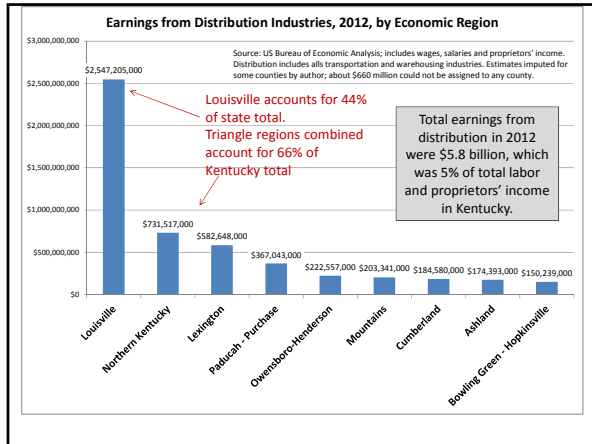
- Louisville
- Ashland
- Lexington
- Northern Kentucky



Which region has the highest income from distribution industries?

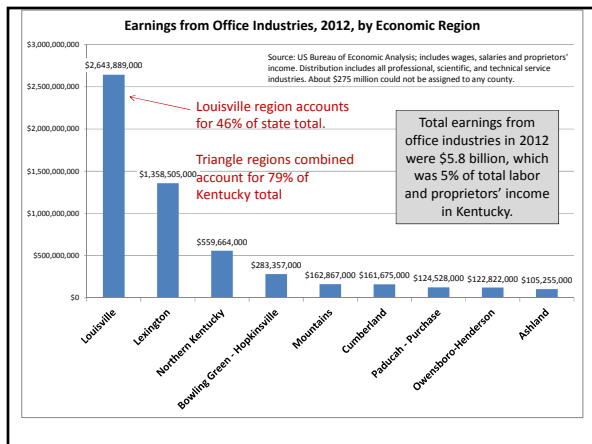


- Louisville
- Bowling Green - Hopkinsville
- Lexington
- Northern Kentucky



Which region has the highest income from office industries?

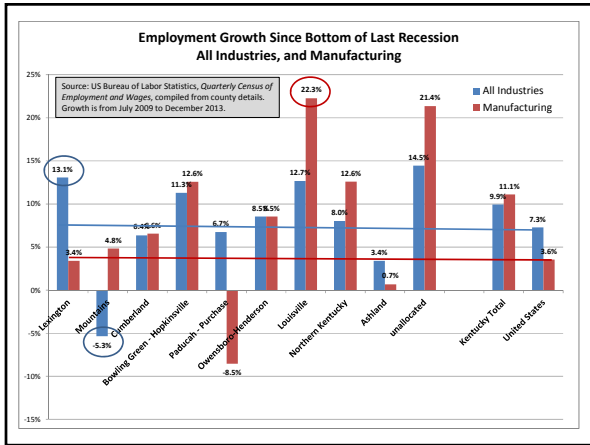
- Louisville
- Bowling Green - Hopkinsville
- Lexington
- Northern Kentucky

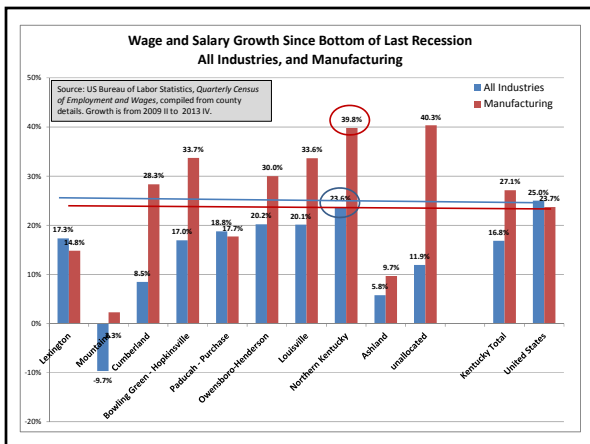


Which region has had the strongest job growth since the bottom of the 2008-09 recession?




- Lexington
- Bowling Green - Hopkinsville
- Paducah - Purchase
- Ashland

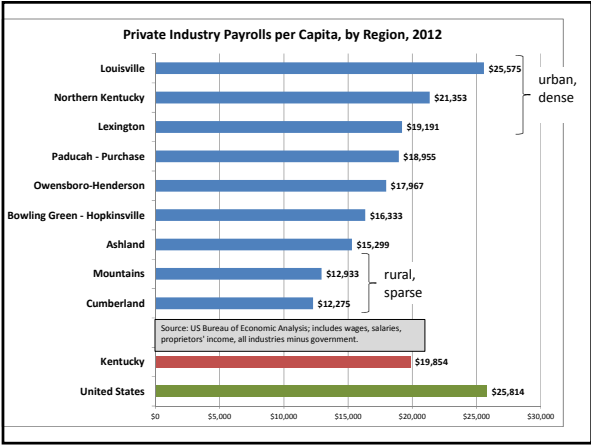


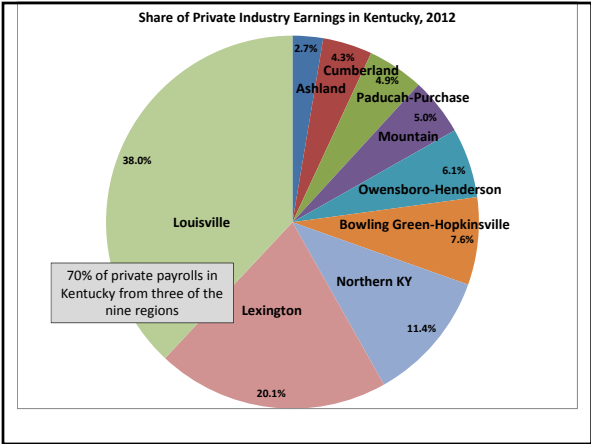


Which region has the largest private industry payroll per capita in Kentucky?



- Louisville
- Bowling Green - Hopkinsville
- Lexington
- Northern Kentucky





Top Ten Counties in Terms of Private Industry Labor and Proprietors' Earnings, 2012


		Private Earnings	Share of State	Share of All Earnings in County
Louisville	Jefferson	\$26,501,818,000	30.8%	88.4%
Lexington	Fayette	\$8,771,357,000	10.2%	75.6%
Florence	Boone	\$4,197,889,000	4.9%	91.0%
Covington	Kenton	\$3,567,815,000	4.2%	82.8%
Bowling Green	Warren	\$2,518,242,000	2.9%	81.8%
Paducah	McCracken	\$1,920,737,000	2.2%	87.2%
Owensboro	Daviess	\$1,808,665,000	2.1%	76.1%
Elizabethtown	Hardin	\$1,674,054,000	1.9%	46.9%
Ashland	Boyd	\$1,481,972,000	1.7%	88.2%
Georgetown	Scott	\$1,387,776,000	1.6%	91.6%
rest of state		\$32,076,812,000	37.3%	71.4%
Kentucky, total		\$85,907,137,000	100.0%	78.2%

Source: US Bureau of Economic Analysis

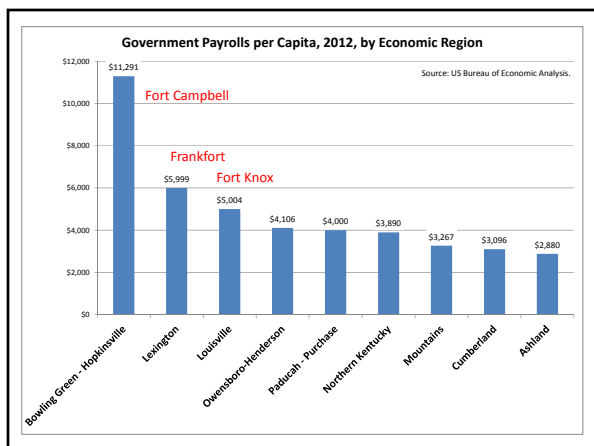
Four counties account for one-half of Kentucky total private sector income

Note: all top counties are urban, except Scott (Toyota)

Which of the regions has the highest government payroll per capita?



Lexington
 Bowling Green - Hopkinsville
 Louisville
 Mountain



In twelve counties, over 40% of earnings from government employment.

Two counties – Christian and Hardin – dominated by military.

Franklin is home state government.


Lyon County: KY State Penitentiary at Eddyville.

Other eight are all in eastern Kentucky.

	Earnings from Government	Share of All Earnings in County	Share of Kentucky Total Government Earnings
Christian	\$3,489,293,000	73.8%	15.3%
Elliott	\$25,756,000	68.2%	0.1%
McCreary	\$82,947,000	57.4%	0.4%
Franklin	\$936,163,000	52.8%	4.1%
Hardin	\$1,884,742,000	52.8%	8.2%
Merifree	\$20,209,000	48.9%	0.1%
Robertson	\$6,477,000	48.4%	0.0%
Owsley	\$13,595,000	48.3%	0.1%
Edmonson	\$38,435,000	48.1%	0.2%
Lyon	\$48,048,000	46.1%	0.2%
Clay	\$93,492,000	44.6%	0.4%
Wolfe	\$20,245,000	40.4%	0.1%
Spencer	\$31,593,000	37.1%	0.1%
Martin	\$66,100,000	36.8%	0.3%
Breathitt	\$56,219,000	36.2%	0.2%
Green	\$37,718,000	35.9%	0.2%
Rowan	\$163,922,000	35.9%	0.7%
Jackson	\$34,485,000	34.2%	0.2%
Calloway	\$264,448,000	33.7%	1.2%
Bath	\$26,833,000	33.5%	0.1%
rest of state	\$15,538,042,000	15.9%	67.9%
Kentucky	\$22,878,762,000	20.8%	100.0%

Source: US Bureau of Economic Analysis

Which region has the highest transfer payments per capita?

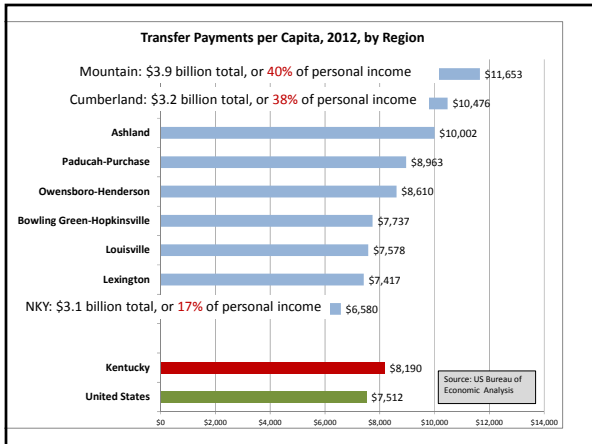


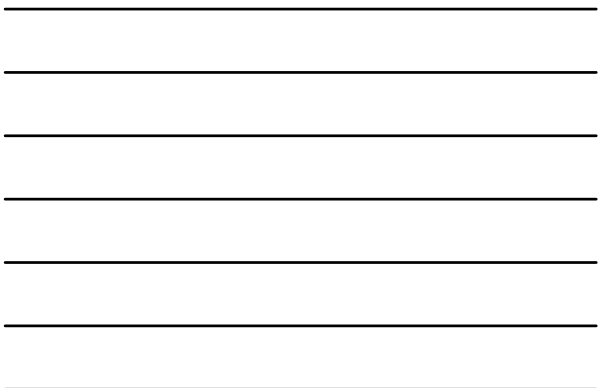
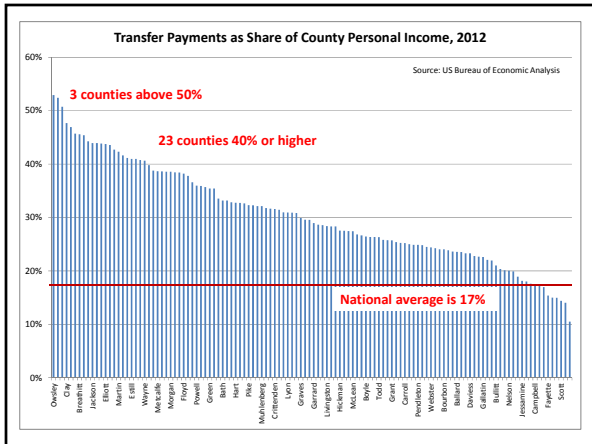
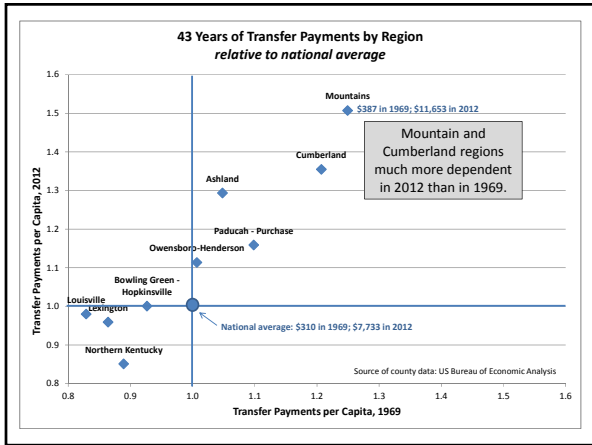
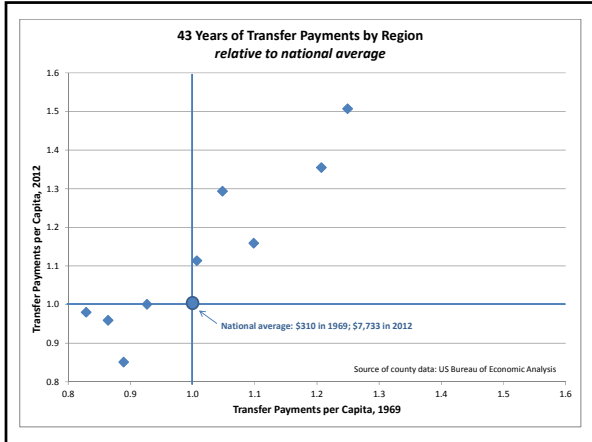
Lexington

Paducah - Purchase


Ashland

Mountain

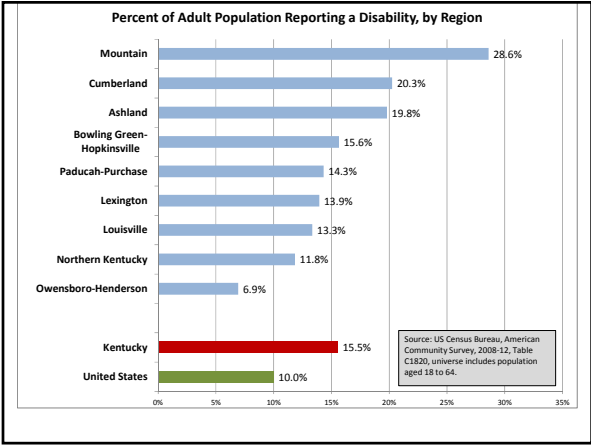


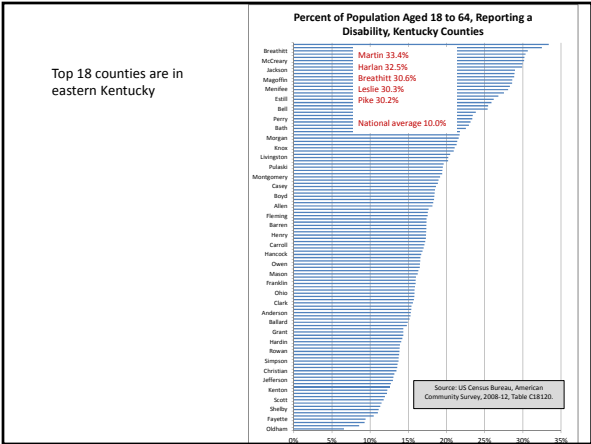


Which region has the highest rate of disabilities among working age adults?



- Cumberland
- Paducah - Purchase
- Ashland
- Mountain





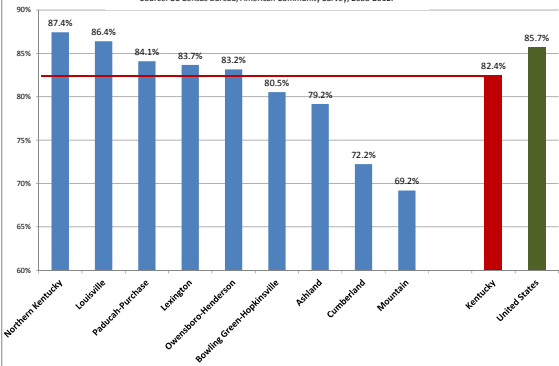
Which region has the highest rate of high school graduates?



- Lexington
- Owensboro - Henderson
- Northern Kentucky
- Bowling Green - Hopkinsville

Percent of Adults with a High School Diploma or Higher

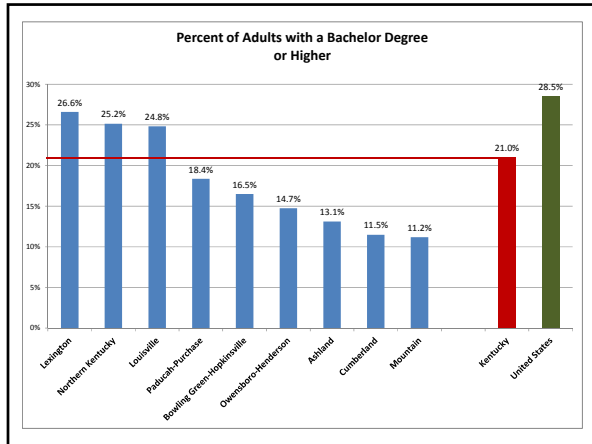
Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2008-2012.



Which region has the highest rate of college graduates?



- Lexington
- Louisville
- Northern Kentucky
- Bowling Green - Hopkinsville



Which Kentucky county has the largest land area?

Jefferson
 Pike
 Ohio
 Fayette

1780 - 1912

"The original motivation for having so many counties was to ensure that residents in the days of poor roads and horseback travel could make a **round trip from their home to the county seat and back in a single day**, as well as being able to travel from one county seat to the next in the same fashion"

— Counties, The Kentucky Encyclopedia, John E. Kleber, editor, The University Press of Kentucky, 1992.


Kentucky's 120 counties, the most per square mile of any state

Pike is largest, 788 sq. mi.


Horse, at 4 MPH, would take 16+ hours to get from Majestic to Pikeville and back

Average county size is 330 square miles, so if county seat is central, a horse could make the round trip from border in **5-6 hours**.

How far could a Kentucky resident travel today, round trip, in 6 hours?



Well, three hours each way, averaging 45 MPH, would be 135 miles. For a round region, that would imply a government center serving 57,000 square miles, larger than Kentucky's total of 40,000 square miles.




The largest economic region is Lexington, with 6,800 square miles and 26 counties. The longest travel time round trip, using a car at 45 MPH, would be 4 hours.

So, transportation improvements have allowed access to a 'local' government center to be the same now for a region containing 26 counties as it was 200 years ago for one county.

Does the constitution need to be amended to reflect modern technology? Does every county need a Judge-Executive, County Clerk, County Treasurer, County Attorney, Sheriff, jail, County Coroner, PVA office, one or two school systems, etc.?

Thank you!



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